Name: $\qquad$
Guided notes 2c. 2
Math 9 - Wolfe

Combining like terms

Vocabulary review:

| Coefficient |
| :--- |
| Variable |
| Power/Exponent |
| Degree |
|  |

$2 y z^{2}$

Like terms have the same $\qquad$ to the same $\qquad$ .

| Like terms | Not like terms |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Combining like terms lets you simplify an expression.
Examples:

You can only $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ like terms.

You can $\qquad$ or $\qquad$ if they are different.

This lets you solve equations with more than one step by combining like terms:

| $3 x+5+7 x=10$ | Given equation |
| :--- | :--- |
| $(3 x+7 x)+5=10$ | Group like terms (you can often do this in your head) |
| $10 x+5=10$ | Combine like terms |
| $-5 \quad-5$ Solve the equation <br> $10 x=5$  <br> $X=1 / 2$ or 0.5  |  |

Examples:

